**4.6. Glasgow Ophthalmic Institution, Trades and Occupations of In-Door Patients, 1906.**

Note: Due to their working conditions and to occupational disease, miners were prone to injuries and diseases of the eye and so formed a significant constituency for eye institutions and charities.

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| **Occupation** | **Number of individuals** |
| Housewives | 235 |
| Schoolboys and Girls | 172 |
| Labourers | 107 |
| No Occupation owing to age and debility | 97 |
| Domestic Servants | 63 |
| Miners | 54 |
| Iron and Steel Workers | 36 |
| Engineers | 23 |
| Shop and Warehouse Assistants | 19 |
| Blacksmiths | 14 |
| Farm Servants | 13 |
| Mill and Factory Hands | 11 |
| Carpenters and Joiners | 10 |
| Tailors and Dressmakers | 9 |

Source: NHS Greater Glasgow Health Board Archive, HB47/2/4, *Thirty-Eighth Annual Report of the Glasgow Ophthalmic Institution (Under the Management of the Royal Infirmary), 1906.*